Soru verilen ifadeye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

When I remember my teenage years, I feel down.
   a) When I look back, I become unhappy.*
   b) When I look back, I write in my diary.
   c) When I look back, I sing to myself.
   d) When I look back, I go down to the cellar.

Soruda boşlukları en uygun şekilde tamamlayan kelime ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

My wife wants --- fur coat for her birthday.
   a) a*    b) the    c) d) an

You --- go to bed early tonight. You look very tired.
   a) might    b) have to    c) should*    d) could

I looked for my keys in the house but I couldn’t find them --- .
   a) nowhere    b) anywhere*    c) somewhere    d) everywhere

I was late for the class. I --- earlier.
   a) should have got up*    b) needn’t have got up
   c) must have got up
   d) can’t have got up

Jane --- on the train when Jack --- at the station.
   a) was getting / had arrived
   b) had got / had arrived
   c) had got / arrived*
   d) were getting / arrived

The boss wanted to know --- .
   a) if his secretary had completed her work*
   b) if his secretary completes her work
   c) if his secretary has completed her work
   d) if his secretary will complete her work

Jerry isn’t a/an --- person although he has everything he wants in life.
   a) nervous    b) modest
   c) outgoing    d) arrogant*

Some people --- the trees in the forests to sell the fields and earn money.
   a) cut down*    b) cut up
   c) cut off    d) cut out

*Soru sadece örnek. Soruların zorluk derecesi sınavda değişiklik gösterebilir.
Scientists often meet and talk about endangered animals. Politicians in many countries are beginning to talk about this, too. They ask a lot of questions and sometimes they listen to the scientists. Who can hunt dolphins and whales? How many can those people kill every year? Can people buy rhinoceros horns? Is it right? Which animals are disappearing fastest? How can we protect them? Where is the money going to come from? These are some of their questions. So, what can countries do? Here is one possible answer: They can open national parks. These are big and usually very beautiful wild places. Here, animals and birds can live freely, and they are also homes for trees and flowers. Visitors can go there and watch the animals, but usually they leave at night. They cannot hunt or take things away with. Politicians can find ways to stop hunting. They can stop the pollution of the rivers, seas, sky and land too. People in every country are asking ‘How can we stop the pollution from cars, planes, and factories? Let’s think about lives, our work, our homes. Our world needs to be a better place for all living things.’

In the text, ‘endangered animals’ means --- .

a) animals in danger*
b) dangerous animals
c) animals which died out years ago
d) animals which hunt other animals

We can infer from the text that --- .

a) politicians always listen to the advice of scientists about endangered animals.
b) countries should let animals disappear
c) national parks may be a good solution for animals and plants which are in danger of extinction*
d) endangered animals have never been the subject of conversation among scientists

What does ‘here’ in the text refer to?

a) countries  b) national parks*
c) homes  d) wild nature

* Doğru cevap.